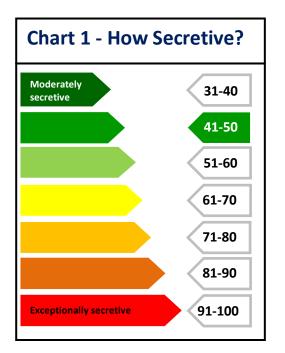
Report on France

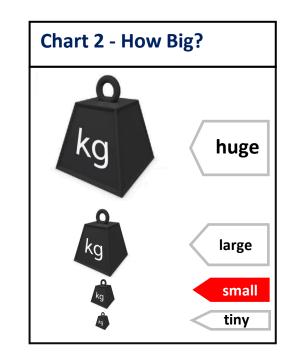
France is ranked at 43rd position on the 2013 Financial Secrecy Index. This ranking is based on a combination of its secrecy score and a scale weighting based on its share of the global market for offshore financial services.

France has been assessed with 41 secrecy points out of a potential 100, which places it in the lower mid-range of the secrecy scale (see chart 1 below).

France accounts for over 2 per cent of the global market for offshore financial services, making it a small player compared with other secrecy jurisdictions (see chart 2 below).



1

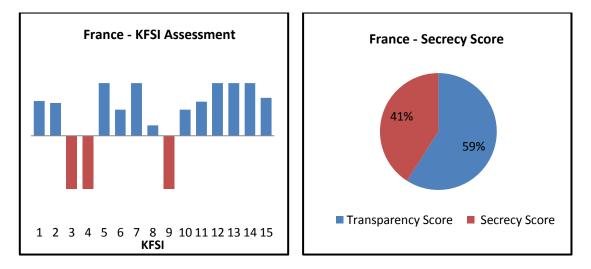


Next steps for France

France's 41 per cent secrecy score shows that it must still make major progress in offering satisfactory financial transparency. If it wishes to play a full part in the modern financial community and to impede and deter illicit financial flows, including flows originating from tax evasion, aggressive tax avoidance practices, corrupt practices and criminal activities, it should take action on the points noted where it falls short of acceptable international standards. See below for details of France's shortcomings on transparency. See this link http://www.financialsecrecyindex.com/kfsi for an overview of how each of these shortcomings can be fixed.

Secrecy Scores

The secrecy score of 41 per cent for France has been computed by assessing the jurisdiction's performance on the 15 Key Financial Secrecy Indicators, listed below.

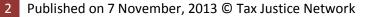


The numbers on the horizontal axis of the bar chart on the left refer to the Key Financial Secrecy Indicators (KFSI). The presence of a blue bar indicates a positive answer, as does blue text in the KFSI list below. The presence of a red bar indicates a negative answer as does red text in the KFSI list. Where the jurisdiction's performance partly, but not fully complies with a Key Financial Secrecy Indicator, the text is coloured violet in the list below (combination of red and blue).

This paper draws on key data collected on France. Our data sources include regulatory reports, legislation, regulation and news available at 31.12.2012¹. The full data set is available <u>here²</u>. Our assessment is based on the 15 Key Financial Secrecy Indicators (KFSIs, below), reflecting the legal and financial arrangements of France. Details of these indicators are noted in the following table and all background data can be found on the <u>Financial Secrecy web site³</u>.

The Key Financial Secrecy Indicators and the performance of France are:

•	TRANSPARENCY OF BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP – France	
	1.	Banking Secrecy: Does the jurisdiction have banking secrecy?
		France does not adequately curtail banking secrecy



2.	Trust and Foundations Register: Is there a public register of trusts/foundations, or are
	trusts/foundations prevented?
	France partly discloses or prevents trusts and private foundations
3.	Recorded Company Ownership: Does the relevant authority obtain and keep updated
	details of the beneficial ownership of companies?
	France does not maintain company ownership details in official records
KEY	ASPECTS OF CORPORATE TRANSPARENCY REGULATION – France
4.	Public Company Ownership: Does the relevant authority make details of ownership of
	companies available on public record online for less than US\$10/€10?
	France does not require that company ownership details are publicly available online
5.	Public Company Accounts: Does the relevant authority require that company accounts
	are made available for inspection by anyone for a fee of less than US\$10/€10?
	France requires that company accounts be available on public record
6.	Country-by-Country Reporting: Are all companies required to comply with country-by-
	country financial reporting?
	France partly requires country-by-country financial reporting by some companies
EFF	ICIENCY OF TAX AND FINANCIAL REGULATION – France
7.	Fit for Information Exchange: Are resident paying agents required to report to the
	domestic tax administration information on payments to non-residents?
	France requires resident paying agents to tell the domestic tax authorities about
	payments to non-residents
8.	Efficiency of Tax Administration: Does the tax administration use taxpayer identifiers
	for analysing information efficiently, and is there a large taxpayer unit?
	France partly uses appropriate tools for efficiently analysing tax related information
9.	Avoids Promoting Tax Evasion: Does the jurisdiction grant unilateral tax credits for
	foreign tax payments?
	France does not avoid promoting tax evasion via a tax credit system

10.	Harmful Legal Vehicles: Does the jurisdiction allow cell companies and trusts with flee		
	clauses?		
	France partly allows harmful legal vehicles		
INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS AND COOPERATION – France			
11.	Anti-Money Laundering: Does the jurisdiction comply with the FATF recommendations?		
	France partly complies with international anti-money laundering standards		
12.	Automatic Information Exchange: Does the jurisdiction participate fully in Automatic		
	Information Exchange such as the European Savings Tax Directive?		
	France participates fully in Automatic Information Exchange		
13.	Bilateral Treaties: Does the jurisdiction have at least 46 bilateral treaties providing for information exchange upon request, or is it part of the European Council/OECD convention?		
	As of 31 May, 2012, France had at least 46 bilateral tax information sharing agreements complying with basic OECD requirements		
14.	International Transparency Commitments: Has the jurisdiction ratified the five most		
	relevant international treaties relating to financial transparency?		
	France has ratified relevant international treaties relating to financial transparency		
15.	International Judicial Cooperation: Does the jurisdiction cooperate with other states on		
	money laundering and other criminal issues?		
	France partly cooperates with other states on money laundering and other criminal issues		

 $^{^{1}}$ With the exception of KFSI 13 for which the cut-off date is 31.05.2013. For more details, look at the endnote number 2 in the corresponding KFSI-paper here:

http://www.financialsecrecyindex.com/PDF/13-Bilateral-Treaties.pdf.

² That data is available here: <u>http://www.financialsecrecyindex.com/database/menu.xml</u>.

³ http://www.financialsecrecyindex.com.